

# BUILDING AN OPEN SOURCE FRAMEWORK FOR TEST AUTOMATION

# CPAN TAF

## Test Automation is hard.

The open source CPAN TAF addresses typical complaints by establishing design principles.

### Challenge

### Design Principle

Lacks consistency between test cases

**Reliable. Reusable. Repeatable. Universal.**

Hard to debug

### Independent and Adaptive.

- Independent of test type (unit, functional, UI, performance).
- Independent of test content.
- Independent of testing tool.

Unpredictable

Too complicated to run

**Web Interface for everyone.**

Hard to know execution status

**Access from anywhere.**

**Remote execution.**

**Real-time results and status.**

Difficult to expand

**Architected to accomodate different tasks, tools and scales.**

## Other Impediments to Successful Test Automation

### Treating It Just Like Development

Test automation's differences from development:

- Different life cycle.
- Different execution environment.
- Different methods of execution.

### Misunderstandings

- Unrealistic expectations of ROI in early stages of automation.
- Test automation is viewed as a spare-time activity.
- Test automation is assumed to be simply record-and-playback.

### Management Issues

- Test automation often runs over budget and schedule.
- Development team must buy in.

### Staffing Issues

- Lack of QA-specific experience and skills.
- High turnover.

### Gap Between Code Bases of Developers and QA

- Tests gets out of sync with code base.
- GUI testing tool is technologically behind GUI technology.
- GUI is unstable while being tested.

### Test Suite Issues

- Tests are difficult to maintain and manage.
- Test results are hard to understand.

## PRINCIPLE-DRIVEN APPROACH

### Flexible

Supports a wide range of approaches to test suite creation.  
Supports management of different types of tasks.  
Open source allows for expansion by any developer.

### Platform & Language Independent

Cloud based: execution and access is distributed.

Runs on:

- WindowOS.
- LinuxOS.

Automation instructions can be written in any language.

- Java, C, Python, Perl, shell, Expect, etc.

### Extensible and Integratable

Supports other automation tools.

### Easy

Easy to set up.

- Easy to install from internet.
- Peer-to-peer —server is optional.

Easy to run and view results via web access.

Easy to develop test suite.

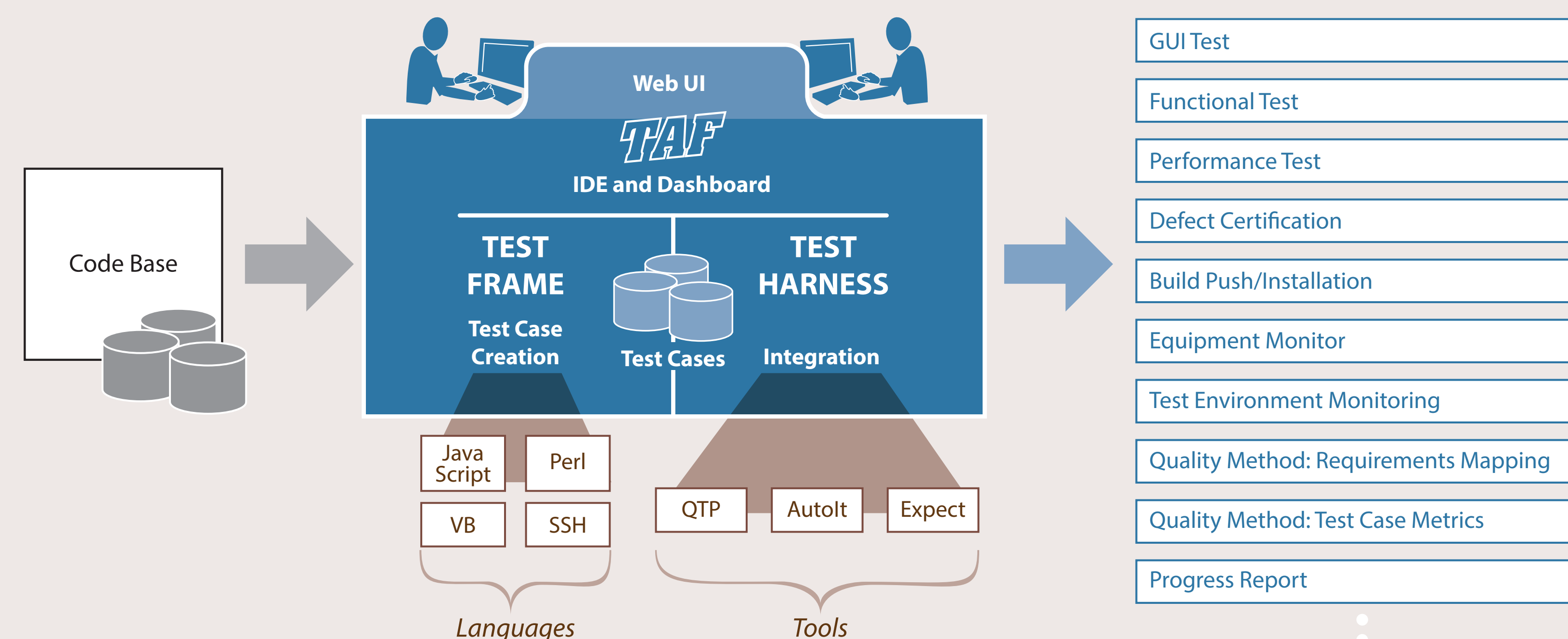
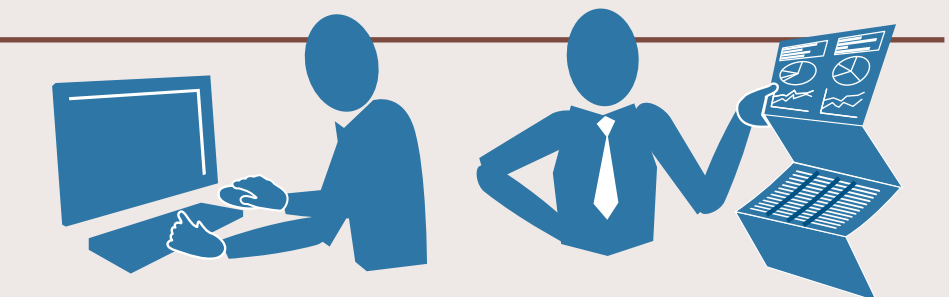
- Quick start development of test cases by following test bed examples.
- Copy and paste hidden code from web page in UI.

### Collaborative

Supports different types of users by providing different interfaces:

- User mode (web UI) for Developer and Tester and Manager.
- Developer mode (command line) for QA Engineer creating automated tests.

Share execution controls and test results anywhere in the world.



**TRY IT!**  
**SIMPLY**  
**GOOGLE**  
**“CPAN TAF”**

## DESIGNED FOR REAL-WORLD WORKFLOW

### A Dashboard for Execution and Results Reporting

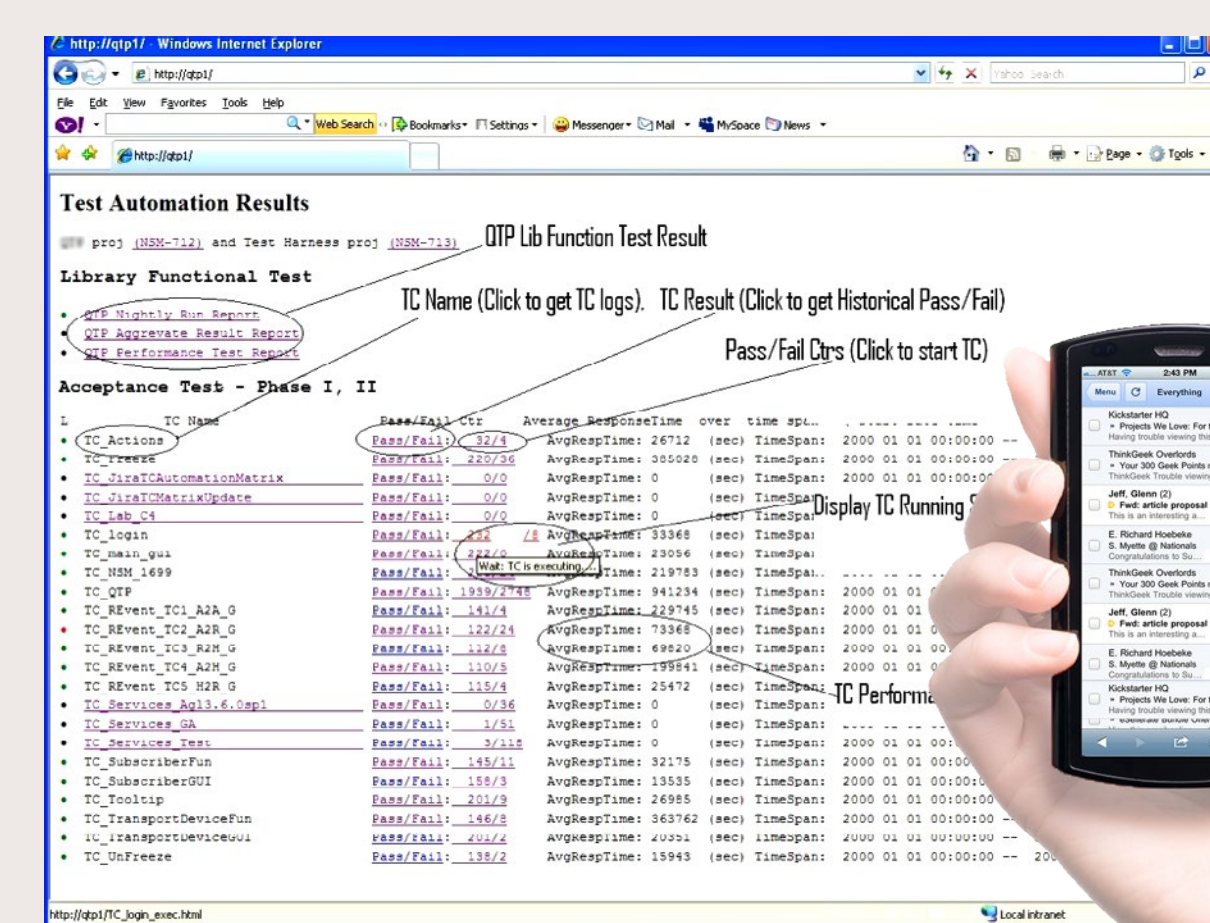
Web access (cross-browser) to a shared dashboard.

#### Execution Tools

- Start and stop execution of test suite or individual test cases.
- Pre-record day-to-day tasks and schedule automatic launch.
- Supports repetition of test runs.
- Supports longevity testing (24/7 execution).

#### Results & Status Reporting

- Captures test runs' timestamp, duration, pass/fail, logs and related web resources.
- Displays real-time status.
- Saves and displays tests' historical information.



### An IDE for Test Case Development

QA Engineers can develop complete test suites.

Start with the test bed — a batch/shell script that generates generic test suite or test case. Copy and paste code provided by IDE.

Use it as an educational tool: learn by doing and own the suite.

### Future Development

#### Goals for our Open source Developers

- Remote launch via Gmail.
- Integration with Google Earth.
- Integration with Amazon Web Services.
- Results delivery via email.
- Support for integration with more frameworks.
- Enhance user experience by using HTML5.